3 (Sem-4/CBCS) ZOO HC 3

2022 ZOOLOGY

(Honours)

Paper: ZOO-HC-4036

(Biochemistry of Metabolic Processes)

Full Marks: 60

Time: Three hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions.

1.		in the							
178 18-14	(a)	break	net dowr	of a	a m	olec	ule o	glycoly f glucose	tic is

- (b) The formation of glucose from non-carbohydrate sources is known as _____.
- (c) The final common pathway for the oxidation of carbohydrates, fat and protein is _____.

(d)	proposed that fatty acids are
	degraded by the sequential removal of
	two carbon units from the COOH end
	of the molecule.
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- (e) Urea is produced in animals by a cyclic process known as the _____.
- (f) Per molecule of glucose under anaerobic conditions yields _____ moles of ATP.
- (g) The process of conversion of glucose into pyruvate is known as _____.
- (h) _____ is a chemical reaction that transfers an amino group to a ketoacid to form new amino acids.
- (i) ____ links the urea cycle and the citric acid cycle.
- (i) The compound in urine responsible for the color reactions was identified as

2. Answer the following briefly: (any four) 2×4=8

- (a) What is the fundamental distinction between NADPH and NADH?
- (b) Differentiate between saturated and unsaturated fatty acids with examples.
- (c) Write the structure of adenosine triphosphate (ATP) molecule.

- (d) What do you understand by "redox" reactions?
- (e) State the significance of citric acid cycle.
- (f) What are the causes and consequences of ketosis?
- (g) State the physiological role of glycogen.
- (h) Write a note on Sir Hans Krebs.
- 3. Answer any three questions from the following: 5×3=15
 - (a) Describe Cori's cycle along with its significance. 3+2=5
 - (b) ATP is called the "energy currency of the cell". Explain.
 - (c) Explain the role of triacylglycerols as a major storage of metabolic energy.
 - (d) What is deamination? Describe the glucogenic and ketogenic aminoacids and their deamination. 2+3=5
 - (e) Discuss essential and non-essential type of aminoacids with examples.
 - (f) Discuss the process of gluconeogenesis and glycogenesis. 2½+2½=5
 - (g) Discuss the role of liver in the aminoacids metabolism.
 - (h) What is phenylketonuria? How it affects in the body metabolism? 2+3=5

- Answer the following: (any three) 4. 10×3=30
 - Explain and illustrate the different steps (a) involved in the glycolytic pathway.
 - Give an account of β -oxidation of (b) saturated carbon fatty acids (Palmitic acid) along with its energetics.
 - Describe the detoxification of ammonia (c) by urea cycle.
 - Define Electron-transport system (ETS) (d) or respiratory chain system. Discuss the various steps involved in the 2+8=10system.
 - Describe the general sequence of events (e) in the citric acid cycle. Add a note on 8+2=10 its "Amphibolic" role.
 - What do you mean by metabolism? Describe in detail about the anabolism and catabolism with suitable examples. 2+4+4=10
 - Describe briefly on compart-(g) mentalization of metabolic pathways.
 - Explain the metabolism, biochemical (h) importance and inborn errors of: 5+5=10

- Glycine and (i)
- (ii) Phenylalanine, tyrosine