## 2018

## ZOOLOGY

(Major)

Paper: 5.4

## ( Biological Techniques and Biostatistics )

Full Marks: 60

Time: 3 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

1. Answer the following questions very briefly:

 $1 \times 7 = 7$ 

- (a) What is molar extinction coefficient?
- (b) Define mode.
- (c) What is critical point drying?
- (d) Write the definition of Pearson's chisquare test.
- (e) What is immunostain?
- (f) Define correlation coefficient.
- (g) What is native gel electrophoresis?
- 2. Answer any four of the following questions:

2×4=8

(a) What is silver stain? Write the importance of silver stain in histological study.

- (b) Distinguish between arithmetic mean and median.
- (c) What is pH electrode? Write the working principle of pH electrode.
- (d) Describe about the machine language of a computer. A computer of leoign lett
- What is vibratome? Write about the use of vibratome.
- regression in linear What is biostatistics?
- Write the basic principle of centrifuge. Mention the use of ultracentrifuge in biological research.
- 3. Answer any five of the following questions:

 $3 \times 5 = 15$ 

- (a) What is freezing microtome? Write the advantages and disadvantages freezing microtome.
- What are the computer-aided techniques used in biology? Write the computer-aided importance of technique in medicine.
- What is ion-exchange chromatography? Write the basic principle of ionexchange chromatography.

- (d) What is the meaning of standard error of mean? Write the difference between standard deviation and variance.
- (e) Define autoradiography. Write the importance of receptor autoradiography in biology.
- between relation Establish the wavelength of light and magnification.
- Write the characteristics of data set suitable for chi-square test.
- 4. What is fluorescence dye? How does a fluorescence dye work? Write the importance of fluorescence dye in biological research.

3+4+3=10

Or

Describe biological database. Write importance of biological database taxonomic study. 5+5=10

5. What is HPLC? Describe about the reverse phase HPLC. Mention about the uses of HPLC in different fields. 3+3+4=10

Or

Describe different sampling techniques used in biological research. 10

- **6.** (a) Define cryoprotectant. Write the necessity of sperm preservation. 2+3=5
  - (b) What is absorption spectroscopy?

    Discuss the disadvantages of UV-visible spectroscopy.

    2+3=5

Or

- (c) What do you mean by graphical representation of data? Write the significance of pie chart. 2+3=5
- (d) What is cumulative frequency curve?

  Draw a cumulative frequency curve from the data given below: 2+3=5

Marks Range	Number of Students
0–10	5
10–20	9
20–30	16
30-40	22
40-50	26
50-60	18
60–70	11
70-80	6
80-90	4
90-100	3
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