2018

CHEMISTRY

(Major)

Paper: 5.3

(Organic Chemistry)

Full Marks: 60

Time: 3 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

- 1. Answer the following questions (any seven): $1 \times 7 = 7$

 - (a) Write one reaction of Pd used as dehydrogenating agent.
 - Define 'ketonic hydrolysis'. (b)
 - Write name and formula of an antidot (c) compound.
 - Write the structure of benzilic acid (d) anion.
 - (e) What is Adam's catalyst?
 - What is the limited importance of (1) Lossen rearrangement reaction?

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- (g) Write the structure and name of a quinolinium salt.
- (h) Fill in the blank of the following statement:

"Pericyclic reactions are ____."

- 2. Answer the following questions (any four): 2^{x}
 - (a) Give symmetry properties of π -orbitals of ethylene.
 - (b) What is Hinsberg's test?
 - (c) How can CH₃CH₂SH be prepared from thiourea? Write with reactions.
 - (d) How do you get adipic acid from diethyl malonate?
 - (e) Give one reaction each to distinguish
- acetonitrile and methyl isonitrile.
- 3. Answer the following questions [any one from (a) and (b) and (c)] (a) and (b) and two from (c), (d) and (e) 5+(5*2
 - 5+(5×2)=15 (a) How do the following reagents take part in reaction?
 - (i) Lead tetraacetate in oxidative decarboxylation

- (ii) SeO₂ in oxidation of allylic C—H fragments
- (iii) LiAlH₄ in hydride transfer
- (iv) Pyridinium chloromate with 2° alcohol
- (v) CrO₃ with aq. H₂SO₄ to cleave C = C
- happens (b) C₆H₅CH₂CON₃ is heated? Give the (i) What mechanism of this reaction.
 - (ii) Identify A and B in the following reactions (give structure and name of each):

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of each):
$$(1) \quad C_2H_5-C-NH_2 \xrightarrow{P_2O_5} A$$

(1)
$$C_2H_5$$
— C — NH_2

(2) C_2H_5 — I + $AgCN$

Aq. EtOH

heat

(c) Write the mechanism of the following reaction

Ph₂C=N-OH
$$\xrightarrow{1) PCl_5}$$
 PhCO¹⁸NHPh
 $\xrightarrow{2) H_2O^{18}}$ original oxyge

and establish that (i) original oxygen atom of oxime is lost, (ii) carbonium ion is formed as intermediate and (iii) it does 2+1+1+1=5 by not proceed

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(Turn Over) exchange.

- (d) What is Woodward-Hoffmann rule of an electrocyclic reaction? Explain the rule with orbital symmetry of 1,3-butadiene.
- (e) What is a keto-quarternary ammonium salt? How does it react with strong base? Write the reaction mechanism.
- 4. Answer the following questions:

Either

- (a) (i) Discuss reactivity relative pyridine, thiophene, pyrrole and Friedel-Crafts furan towards acylation reaction reflected in the Lewis acid catalyst.
 - reaction (ii) Write desulphurization of CH₃-S-CH₃ takes part by Raney Ni.
 - (iii) "Birch reduction is regioselective."

 Justify and a region of the region of the reduction is region of the reduction is region of the reduction is region of the reduction of the reduction is region of the reduction is region of the reduction of the reduct Justify with appropriate example.
 - (iv) How can thiophene be obtained from n-butane?
- (b) Or (i) How can nitrobutane be converted to butan nitrobutane be converted to butanal? Give the reaction and write the write the mechanism. Hinuled

- (ii) With the help of a reaction, prove that pyridine ring is present in quinoline.
- (iii) Prepare sulphone from thioether.
- (iv) Give the product in each of the following reactions (give formula and name of each product):

$$(2) \qquad CH_3 \longrightarrow ?$$

$$(3) \qquad \underbrace{\operatorname{SeO_2}}_{Q} ?$$

(5)
$$\underbrace{\begin{array}{c} H_2O_2 \\ Acetic \ acid \end{array}}_{}?$$

Either

(c)

How is cyanoacetic ester prepared?

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- (ii) How do α-diazoketones undergorearrangement with elimination of N₂? Give the reaction with mechanism.
- (iii) Why does pyrrole give electrophilic substitution reaction with mild reagent?
- (iv) How are phosphines converted to phosphonium salts and phosphorus ylides? Show one synthetic use of triphenyl phosphine.

(d) (i) Or

- (i) How can tetralin and decalin perepared from naphthalene? Give
- (ii) "Anthracene gives both electrophilic substitution and addition reactions equally well." Justify the statement with appropriate example.
- (iii) Write Haworth synthesis
- (iv) Suggest the reagents for following conversions:

$$(2) \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \stackrel{?}{\longrightarrow} \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \\ \stackrel{N^+}{\longrightarrow} \stackrel{-}{\bigcirc} -$$

(3)
$$CH_3CH_2CH_2NO_2 \xrightarrow{?} CH_3CH=CH_2 + HNO_2$$

Either

- (i) Discuss about kinetically and thermodynamically controlled product of naphthalene, when it undergoes sulphonation reaction with conc. H₂SO₄ at 80 °C and 160 °C.
 - (ii) Show that indole undergoes electrophilic substitution reaction at C-3 regioselectively.
 - (iii) How can 'yellow oil' be prepared
 from CH₃—NH? Give reaction.

 2
 CH₃

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- (u) Identify A structures) : reactions and (give B Ħ. names the following and
- C₂H₅ONO₂ + H₂O-H
- 2 CH₃NO₂ +3Cl₂ +3NaOH

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- (i)migrations more common? processes? What are suprafacial and antafacial Why are suprafacial (1+1)+2
- (ii) ester. Prepare pentanone from acetoacetic ester
- (iii) Identify following reactions Ξ and name of each) A, B 0 and (give D structure Ħ. the 1x4
- (1) $C_{2}H_{5}SH + HgO \longrightarrow A$ (2) $HCN, HCI \longrightarrow B$
- (W) NH3, Al₂U₃ steam 0
- 4 ·NH₂ + Cl-



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