3 (Sem 3) ZOO M2

2015

ZOOLOGY (Major)

Paper : 3.2

Full Marks - 60

Time - Three hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions.

1. Write true or false:

1×7=7

- (a) Cell theory was first coined by Von Mohl.
- (b) The size of the cells of multicellular organisms ranges between 80-100 μm.
- (c) The nuclear region of prokaryotic cells is called nucleus.
- (d) Liposomes are small spherical bodies whose surface is formed by a bilayer of protein molecules.

[Turn over

- (e) Histones are fat soluble proteins which are rich in amino acids, glycine and valine.
- (f) Mitochondria are not found in liver cells.
- (g) Escherichia coli is a gram +ve symbiotic bacillus of colon of human beings and other vertebrates.
- 2. Write short notes on the following: $2\times4=8$
 - (a) Bacteriophage
 - (b) Factors which control the shape of the cells
 - (c) Role of centromere
 - (d) Cytokinesis.
- 3. Answer any three from the following: $5\times3=15$
 - (a) Physical properties of protoplasm
 - (b) Cell cycle
 - (c) Biogenesis of Ribosomes
 - (d) Main functions of Golgi bodies
 - (e) Glycolysis.

4. (a) Describe the ultrastructure, types and functions of endoplasmic reticulum. 3+1+6=10

Or

What are lysosomes? Give the ultrastructure of lysosomes and their functional significance. 1+3+6=10

(b) Differentiate between cilia and flagella. Describe the structure of the axonome.

6+4=10

Or

State the differences between the lampbrush and salivary gland chromosome. Write the structural and functional significance of the salivary gland chromosome. 7+3=10

(c) Describe the function of mitochondria with special reference to electron transport system.

10

Or

What are the characteristic features of a cell membrane? Describe the permeability and chemical composition of a cell membrane.

4+6=10